COVID-19 Frequently Asked Questions:

**Updated February 26, 2020**

A copy of the Governor’s most recent executive order, EO 195, which is in effect until 5:00 pm on March 26, 2021, can be found here: https://files.nc.gov/governor/documents/files/EO195-Easing-Restrictions.pdf

A copy of the FAQ’s provided by the Governor for his most recent executive order, EO 195, can be found here: https://files.nc.gov/governor/documents/files/Executive-Order-No.-195-FAQ.pdf

**Disclaimer: This is an ever-changing situation, and the answers to these questions may change frequently, so please make sure to keep checking back regularly as we update answers to your questions.**

**This document is only updated as questions that have not already been addressed are received. If the date at the top of the page is more than one business day old, there have not been any new questions answered since that date**

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Q: Are INDOOR areas amusement parks allowed to be open?  (Posted February 26, 2021)
A: Indoor rides and attractions at amusement parks may be open for the LESSER of 1) 30% of their stated fire capacity per indoor space (or 7 people per 1,000 square feet, if there is no stated fire capacity), or 2) a maximum of 250 people per indoor space. Indoor restaurants, restrooms, and retail locations, are also allowed to be open under the rules applicable to those specific places.

Q: Are OUTDOOR areas of amusement parks open now?  (Posted February 26, 2021)
A: Yes. Amusement parks may open at 50% of their stated capacity (or 12 people per 1,000 square feet per outdoor area or space, if there is no stated fire capacity).

Q: What are the rules for rides (indoor and outdoor) at amusement parks?  (Posted February 26, 2021)
A: Within the maximum capacity numbers, rides at amusement parks are allowed to be open under the following additional conditions:

1. There must be a guest flow plan in place to prevent people massing together throughout the park, both indoors and outdoors, and when they are entering or exiting the park.
2. All workers and guests must wear face coverings.
3. The operator of a ride must limit the number of guests within each vehicle or car to either 1) have all guests within a vehicle/car be in the same friends/family group, or 2) ensure six feet of separation between each group of friends/family within the vehicle/car.
4. Group activities like tours within the amusement parks are limited by the outdoor mass gathering requirements.
5. All waiting lines within the park (for rides, concessions, etc.) must be marked 6 feet apart.
6. Employees must disinfect shared objects and surfaces between uses.

Q: What is “amusement transportation” and is it allowed?  (Posted October 2, 2020)
A: Amusement transportation includes tour buses, trains, horse drawn carriages, trolley pubs, sightseeing vehicles, and any other transportation that is principally offered and used for amusement, regardless of whether such transportation is located in an amusement park. Such transportation methods are allowed, subject to the following requirements:

1. All workers and guests must wear face coverings.
2. The operator of this type of transportation must limit the number of guests within each vehicle or car to either 1) have all guests within a vehicle/car be in the same friends/family group, or 2) ensure six feet of separation between each group of friends/family within the vehicle/car.
3. Group tours are limited by the outdoor mass gathering requirements.
4. All waiting lines to get onto the amusement transportation must be marked 6 feet apart.
5. Employees must disinfect shared objects or surfaces between uses.
Q: What is covered in this category that is not covered by other sections of the Governor’s orders? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: This category includes the following:

1. Bars
2. Lounges (including cigar bars & hookah lounges) in which tobacco or related products are consumed on premises
3. Auditoriums, amphitheaters, arenas, and other venues for live performances which are not classified as “very large entertainment and sporting venues”
4. Music halls, night clubs, or dance halls
5. Adult entertainment facilities
6. Spectator stands and viewing areas at a sporting facility, stadium, sporting complex, or speedway which is not classified as a “very large entertainment and sporting venue”

Q: Can alcohol be served at smaller entertainment, event, and sporting venues? (Posted February 26, 2020)

A: Yes, alcohol can be served for on-site consumption at outdoor venues, or at indoor seated restaurants and bars at those venues, as long as they are operating according to the current maximum capacity and other requirements for restaurants and bars. However, all alcohol sales for on-premises consumption must cease at 11:00 pm. See the Restaurants, Bottle Shops, and Other Food and Drink Services section below for information about to-go mixed beverages.

Q: Am I REQUIRED to wear a mask when I am at a bar, night club, or smaller event venue? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A. YES. All workers and guests in these facilities must wear face coverings when they are inside these facilities, including when they are at a table or otherwise seated, unless they are actively eating or drinking, or unless an exception applies. The business has the option to refuse service to anyone who claims an exception to the mask requirement.

Q: Am I REQUIRED to stay seated when I am at a bar, night club, or smaller event venue? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A. YES. These businesses are not allowed to be open unless they become fully seated establishments for guests. Guests must be seated except to enter, leave, use amenities, visit the restroom, and obtain food or drink, and the facility must arrange the space so that any guests/group sitting at a counter or table are not within 6 feet of any other guests/group sitting at another counter or table. Entertainers must also stay at least 6 feet away from any guest. No standing receptions, no cocktail hours, an no time to stand and mingle is allowed.

Q: What are the capacity restrictions for the INDOOR areas of bars, night clubs, and smaller event venues? (Posted February 26, 2021)
A: The maximum INDOOR occupancy for all businesses covered by this section is the LESSER of 1) 30% of the stated fire capacity for each building, room, or other indoor space controlled by the facility (or 7 people per 1,000 square feet of space in each space, if there is no stated fire capacity), or 2) 250 guests in any particular indoor room or other confined indoor space within the facility’s premises. These limits apply separately to each room or space controlled by the facility, and each space must also limit the number of guests in the space so that groups can stay 6 feet apart, even if that means that the maximum capacity will be less than would otherwise be allowed.

Q: What are the capacity restrictions for the OUTDOOR areas of bars, night clubs, and smaller event venues? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: The maximum OUTDOOR occupancy for all businesses covered by this section is 30% of the stated fire capacity for each building, room, or other indoor space controlled by the facility (or 7 people per 1,000 square feet of space in each space, if there is no stated fire capacity). This limit applies separately to each separate outdoor space controlled by the facility, and each space must also limit the number of guests in the space so that groups can stay 6 feet apart, even if that means that the maximum capacity will be less than would otherwise be allowed.

Q: Are there any additional capacity restrictions or other rules for bars, night clubs, and smaller event venues? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: YES. The following capacity restrictions and other rules apply to these types of businesses:

1. Workers, entertainers, athletes, and any other support staff do not count toward the capacity limits for these businesses.
2. Indoor and outdoor amenities such as pool and darts may be open at facilities located in these businesses.
3. Any meeting or function held in a private room in one of these facilities is covered by the capacity restrictions in the Governor’s orders applicable to movie theaters, meeting spaces, and smaller entertainment facilities.
4. Service of alcohol must end at 11:00 pm, but the business are not required to close at that time. To-go cocktails may be served or delivered pursuant to the Governor’s orders.
5. Hand sanitizer must be provided at each entrance and other high traffic areas throughout the premises.
6. Increased disinfection during peak times or high guest density times, and all shared objects (payment terminals, tables and countertops, reusable menus, etc.) must be disinfected between use.
7. Follow the core signage, screening, and sanitation requirements, as well as all applicable NC DHHS guidelines.

CHILD CARE, DAY CAMPS, OVERNIGHT CAMPS, AND RELATED CHILD SERVICES

Q: What are the requirements for a child care center, day camp, or overnight camp to be open? (Posted November 23, 2020)
A: All open facilities of this type must follow all applicable NC DHHS guidelines, as well as all core signage, screening, and safety/sanitation requirements as defined in the Governor’s orders. This includes a daily health screening of all individuals who are entering the building, including workers, adults, and children. They are also required to immediately isolate sick workers or children and send them home, and then have a plan in place to work with local health departments to identify close contacts of confirmed cases in their facility. Additionally, all persons 5 years of age and older who are present at one of these facilities are required to wear a mask, unless an exception applies, whether they are more than 6 feet apart from each other or not.

Q: Are day camps and overnight camps allowed to be open? (Posted November 23, 2020)

A: These businesses can be open as long as they comply with CDC and NC DHHS guidelines for childcare facilities, which can be found at NC Interim Guidance for Day Camp or Program Settings Serving Children and Teens. Any businesses which cannot meet these requirements and recommendations should be closed.

Q: Are all child care facilities open, and who is allowed to go there? (Posted September 4, 2020)

A: Child care facilities are all allowed to be open, and they may serve all children in North Carolina, as long as the facilities are in compliance with all requirements of the Governor’s orders.

CURFEW RESTRICTIONS AND “STAY AT HOME” RECOMMENDATIONS

Q: What are the current curfew restrictions? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: The Governor has lifted the “modified stay at home order,” so there are no current statewide curfew restrictions. There are certain restrictions in place regarding the time and availability of alcohol sales, but there are no restrictions on the movement of citizens at any time of the day or night as a result of the Governor’s orders. The NC Secretary of Health and Human Services continues to recommend that individuals who are 65 years of age or older, and those in vulnerable populations, should stay at home unless they have to leave home to meet their basic needs.

ENFORCEMENT, COMPLIANCE, AND MASS GATHERINGS

Q: For mass gatherings, what is defined as a “confined outdoor space”? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: “Mass gatherings” are defined as events or convenings that bring together 1) more than 25 persons at the same time in a single indoor space, such as an auditorium, conference room, meeting hall, home, or any other confined indoor space, or 2) more than 50 persons at the same time in a single outdoor space, such as an arena or stadium, or even your back yard. The Governor is specific that this prohibition also applies to outdoor parades, fairs, and festivals, and the FAQ’s on the Governor’s website also mention “enclosed spaces” as spaces that are confined on the outside by
walls or fences, but this list is not all-inclusive. An enclosed outdoor space could also include many other things, including a baseball field, a party tent where the top and sides are enclosed, or even a roped off area of a parking lot or field where access is sufficiently controlled. If you have a question about how something is classified for the purpose of mass gathering requirements, you may contact the City Attorney's Office for additional guidance.

**Q: How many people can I have at my home? (Posted February 26, 2021)**

A: The mass gathering limits are applicable to personal residences as well as other places. No more than 25 people should be inside your home, unless they are a member of your household. Similarly, you should not have more than 50 people at any event in your yard or on your porch/patio/deck or other outdoor space at your residence. If individuals who are not members of your household are present at your home, everyone at your home should wear a mask, even if you are able to maintain social distancing, unless you are actively eating or drinking, or some other exception applies.

**Q: For outdoor events, how is the outdoor limitation of 50 people calculated? Can several separate tents be erected and 50 people allowed within each of them and still be in compliance with the outdoor gathering requirements? (Posted February 26, 2021)**

A: The 50 person outdoor limit is for EACH ENCLOSED outdoor space. If the tents have walls and a roof, or if the areas are separated by fences or other natural or manmade dividers, and there is a way to sufficiently control the number so that no more than 50 people are in there at a time, then it is possible that separate tents with 50 people in each would be allowed. However, you cannot just put up 5 tents with top coverings and no sides in the back yard and let in 250 people to wander around unfettered between all of them. **The spaces have to be visibly separate and controlled to make sure that number isn’t exceeded.**

**Q: Is WPD actually enforcing the requirements of all of these Executive Orders, and if so, are they issuing citations to those not in compliance? (December 10, 2020)**

A: Yes, WPD is responding to any location that they become aware of that may not be in full compliance with all current executive orders. Officers will always attempt to reconcile the situation with education about the requirements first, but citations will be (and have been) issued if there is not voluntary compliance. Additionally, the Governor has directed that all curfew and travel restrictions should be enforced for willful or repeated violations.

**Q: How do I report a business or individual who I think is violating an order? (Posted July 31, 2020)**

A: If you have a concern regarding a business within the City limits that you believe is not complying with the current orders, you may contact either the Wilmington Police Department, the Mayor’s Office, or the City Attorney’s Office, and someone will direct your concern to the proper place for review. Email is the preferred form of communication so that you can receive a response in writing. Please see the links above to contact those parties.
Q: Will there be consequences be for refusal to comply with current restrictions? What will those consequences be? (Posted April 1, 2020)

A: The purpose of the restrictions is to get the public and local businesses to voluntarily comply in order to curb the spread of the virus. Individuals or businesses who are in violation of the restrictions will be counseled first and educated on why they are in violation and asked to comply. If they continue to refuse/comply, violation can be a Class 2 misdemeanor, which could include jail time of up to 60 days and up to a $1,000 fine.

FACE COVERINGS

Q: Are there other specific requirements about where face coverings are REQUIRED, and by whom? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A. Protective face coverings are REQUIRED by the following individuals in the following places/situations:

1. Retail workers at all times, regardless of whether they are within 6 feet of another person.
2. Customers in retail businesses at all times inside the establishment, regardless of whether they may be within 6 feet of another person, unless an exception applies and the retail business has relied on that exception and allowed the customer to enter.
3. Workers in restaurants, bars, night clubs, event venues, and sporting facilities at all times, regardless of whether they are within 6 feet of another person.
4. Customers in restaurants, bars, night clubs, event venues, and sporting facilities, at all times, even at a table or other seat, unless they are actively eating or drinking, or unless the customer states that an exception applies and the facility has relied on that exception and allowed the customer to enter/remain.
5. Workers in personal care, grooming, and tattoo businesses at all times, regardless of whether they are within 6 feet of another person.
6. Customers in a personal care, grooming, or tattoo business at all times, regardless of whether they may be within 6 feet of another person, unless the customer states that an exception applies and the business has relied on that exception and allowed the customer to enter/remain. Additionally, customers may take off a face covering only while they are receiving a facial treatment, shave, or other services on a part of the head or face that would interfere with the face covering.
7. Workers and all other adults and children age 5 and older who are present at a public or nonpublic (as defined in Article 39, Chapter 115 of the N.C. General Statutes) school, at all times when they are indoors, regardless of whether they are within 6 feet of another person, unless an exception applies, and at all times when they are outdoors and within 6 feet of another person.
8. Workers and all other adults and children age 5 and older who are present at a child care facility, day camp, or overnight camp at all times, regardless of whether they are within 6 feet of another person.
9. Workers and riders on public transportation, including everyone in NC airports and at bus and train stations or stops, at all times, regardless of whether they are or may be within 6 feet of another person. Guests may be denied entry or removed from public transportation for failure to wear a face covering.
10. Workers at museums, parks, and aquariums at all times when they are inside, regardless of whether they are or may be within 6 feet of another person, and when they are outside and within 6 feet of another person.

11. Customers at museums, parks, and aquariums when they are inside the establishment at all times, regardless of whether they are within 6 feet of another person, and when they are outside and within 6 feet of another person who is not a member of their household.

12. Workers in long-term care facilities, while in the facility, and the masks must be surgical masks.

13. Workers in gyms and other exercise facilities at all times, regardless of whether they are or may be within 6 feet of another person, and regardless of whether the worker is strenuously exercising.

14. Customers in gyms and other exercise facilities at all times, regardless of whether they may be within 6 feet of another person, and regardless of whether the customer is strenuously exercising, unless the customer states that an exception applies and the business/facility has relied on that exception and allowed the customer to enter/remain.

15. Workers and guests in amusement parks when they are on premises or on transportation operated by the establishment.

16. Workers and guests in movie theaters, meeting spaces, and gaming establishments (bingo parlors, video arcades, etc.) at all times when they are within an indoor facility and not actively eating or drinking, and outdoors when they are within 6 feet of someone who does not reside in the same household.

Q: Are employers REQUIRED to provide face coverings to employees? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: Employers who have workers who perform work outside of their home shall make a good faith effort to provide a 1 week supply of reusable face coverings or provide daily disposable face coverings for all employees working outside of their homes. New face coverings should be provided during the work day if the worker’s face covering becomes soiled, torn, or wet.

Q: Am I required to wear a face covering when I am exercising? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: People must wear face coverings while exercising IF they are either outdoors and within 6 feet of someone who does not reside in the exercising person’s household, OR they are exercising indoors at a location that is not their own home. HOWEVER, people do not have to wear a face covering while exercising in the following situations:

1. One of the listed exceptions applies;
2. The person exercising has symptoms while strenuously exercising, such as trouble breathing, dizziness, or lightheadedness;
3. The person exercising is wearing equipment like a mouthguard or helmet and is having trouble breathing;
4. The person exercising is doing any activity in which the face covering could become entangled and a choking hazard or impair vision in high risk activities such as gymnastics, cheerleading, or tumbling;
5. The person exercising is doing an activity that may cause the face covering to become wet, like swimming or other activities in a pool, lake, water attraction, or similar body of water; or
6. The person exercising is a professional or college athlete who is strenuously exercising or recovering from exercise and is training for or participating in a sport that is under the oversight of a league, association, or other organizer that required teams and players to follow a protocol for reducing risk from COVID-19. These athletes must wear face coverings, including on sidelines and in practice, when they are not strenuously exercising or recovering from recent exercise.

Q: Are City employees and members of the public entering City buildings or on City property required to wear face coverings? (Posted December 10, 2020)

A: The Governor's executive orders allow local governments to develop their own policies regarding face coverings for their employees and the public who enter their buildings or property. The City of Wilmington has implemented its own guidelines as follows:

- City of Wilmington employees are generally required to wear face coverings that securely cover the nose and mouth, unless they qualify for an exemption outlined in the Governor's executive order. This guidance is in effect for all City of Wilmington indoor facilities at all times when the employees are in a room/area with anyone who is not a member of their immediate household, whether or not the individuals in the room/area are able to maintain six (6) feet of social distancing between themselves. This guidance also applies to all outdoor facilities (including city-owned vehicles) when employees are, or may be, within six (6) feet of another person. Police officers and Fire Department personnel are required to wear face coverings at all times, to the fullest extent practicable.

- Citizens who enter into City buildings will be asked to wear a face covering, which will be communicated through signage that will be placed on all entrances and by greeters (if applicable). Disposable face masks will be available to citizens inside city buildings, if needed. Citizens who refuse to wear a face covering, or who claim an exemption to the face covering requirements, will be asked to leave the building, and staff will work with them to arrange another way to obtain any services they need, including the possibility of telephone conferences with staff, the use of online services, or any other options that are available without in-person contact. This applies to all City buildings, including all recreation facilities, as engaging in strenuous exercise is no longer an exception to the requirement of wearing face coverings. Citizens are similarly required to wear a face covering at City outdoor facilities, including but not limited to all parks and trails, when they are, or may be, within six (6) feet of others, regardless of whether they are exercising.

Q: Are face coverings REQUIRED everywhere in public? (Posted November 23, 2020)

A: Pursuant to the Governor's current orders, for any place outside the home, including but not limited to businesses, schools, and other places where people may travel or congregate, face coverings must be worn indoors if anyone else is in that space who is not a member of the same household. Additionally, face coverings must be worn outdoors if it is not possible to consistently be physically distant by more than 6 feet from non-household members. These requirements apply to all people 5
years of age and older, unless an exception applies to the individual or to the specific type of business, as listed in the Governor’s orders.

Q: How do the mask requirements work in child care facilities, day camps, and overnight camps? (Posted November 23, 2020)

A: Child care facilities, day camps, and overnight camps must have workers, all other adults, and children five (5) years or older on site wear face coverings at all times, whether or not they are or may be within six (6) feet of another person. Businesses or organizations that fail to enforce the requirement to wear face coverings may be issued citations unless they can show that they relied on their customers’ or patrons’ statements about whether or not they are excepted from the face covering requirements.

Q: What are the exceptions to the face covering requirements? (Posted November 23, 2020)

A: This Executive Order does not require face coverings for workers, customers, or patrons who:

1. Should not wear a face covering due to any medical or behavioral condition or disability (including, but not limited to any person who has trouble breathing, or is unconscious or incapacitated, or is otherwise unable to put on or remove the face covering without assistance);
2. Is under five (5) years of age;
3. Is actively eating or drinking;
4. Is seeking to communicate with someone who is hearing-impaired in a way that requires the mouth to be visible;
5. Is giving a speech for a broadcast or to an audience;
6. Is working at home or is in a personal vehicle;
7. Is temporarily removing his or her face covering to secure government or medical services or for identification purposes;
8. Would be at risk from wearing a face covering at work, as determined by local, state, or federal regulations, or by workplace safety guidelines;
9. Has found that his or her face covering is impeding visibility to operate equipment or a vehicle; or
10. Is a child whose parent, guardian, or responsible person has been unable to place the face covering safely on the child's face.

Q: If I qualify for an exemption from wearing a face covering based on the list of exemptions in the Governor's Executive Order, is a private business required to admit me into their facility? (Posted November 23, 2020)

A: NO. If a customer entering a business indicates that they are exempt from wearing a mask due to a qualifying exception, it is up to the business whether to let them in or not. The business cannot require documentation or proof of a condition/exemption, but it does have the option of either refusing entry to the customer, letting the customer in under the exception, or offering the customer another option like curbside service, home delivery, or some other reasonable measure to provide goods and
Businesses are not required to let in people who claim they are exempt from the mask requirement.

**Q: What are the rules for face coverings by workers and customers inside a retail business? (Posted November 23, 2020)**

A: Retail businesses must have all workers wear face coverings at all times, regardless of whether they are or may be within six (6) feet of another person. In addition, retail businesses must have all customers wear face coverings at all times when they are inside the establishment, regardless of whether they may be within (6) feet of another person, unless the customer states that an exception applies. If a customer states that an exception applies, a business may deny service to the customer, or may choose to offer curbside service, provide home delivery, or use some other reasonable measure to deliver its good or services. Businesses or organizations that fail to enforce the requirement to wear face coverings may be issued citations unless they can show that they relied on their customers’ or patrons' statements about whether or not they are excepted from the face covering requirements. Customers may also be issued citations if they refuse to wear a face covering wherever one is required by the Governor's orders. If a business or organization does not allow entry to a worker, customer, or patron because that person refuses to wear a face covering, and if that worker, customer, or patron enters the premises or refuses to leave the premises, law enforcement personnel may enforce the trespassing laws and any other laws (other than N.C. Gen. Stat.§ 14-288.20A) that the worker, customer, or patron may violate.

**Q: What are the rules for face coverings by workers and customers at restaurants, bars, and night clubs? (Posted November 23, 2020)**

A: Restaurants, bars, and night clubs must have all workers wear face coverings at all times, regardless of whether they are or may be within six (6) feet of another person. In addition, restaurants must have all customers wear face coverings at all times, even when seated at their table, unless the customer is actively eating or drinking or unless the customer states that an exception applies. Businesses or organizations that fail to enforce the requirement to wear face coverings may be issued citations unless they can show that they relied on their customers’ or patrons' statements about whether or not they are excepted from the face covering requirements. Customers may also be issued citations if they refuse to wear a face covering wherever one is required by the Governor’s orders. If a business or organization does not allow entry to a worker, customer, or patron because that person refuses to wear a face covering, and if that worker, customer, or patron enters the premises or refuses to leave the premises, law enforcement personnel may enforce the trespassing laws and any other laws (other than N.C. Gen. Stat.§ 14-288.20A) that the worker, customer, or patron may violate.

**Q: What are the rules for face coverings by workers and customers at personal care, grooming, and tattoo businesses? (Posted November 23, 2020)**

A: These businesses must have workers wear face coverings at all times, regardless of whether they are or may be within six (6) feet of another person. In addition, the business must have all customers wear face coverings when they are inside the establishment, regardless of whether they are or may be within six (6) feet of another person, unless the customer states that an exception applies.
Customers may only take off their face coverings if they are receiving a facial treatment, shave, or other services on a part of the head which the face covering covers or by which the face covering is secured. Businesses or organizations that fail to enforce the requirement to wear face coverings may be issued citations unless they can show that they relied on their customers’ or patrons’ statements about whether or not they are excepted from the face covering requirements. Customers may also be issued citations if they refuse to wear a face covering wherever one is required by the Governor’s orders. If a business or organization does not allow entry to a worker, customer, or patron because that person refuses to wear a face covering, and if that worker, customer, or patron enters the premises or refuses to leave the premises, law enforcement personnel may enforce the trespassing laws and any other laws (other than N.C. Gen. Stat.§ 14-288.20A) that the worker, customer, or patron may violate.

Q: Do I have to wear a face covering in my car, or when I am riding in public transportation or in a ride-share like Uber or Lyft? (Posted June 25, 2020)

A: All workers and riders on public or private transportation regulated by the State of North Carolina, as well as all people in North Carolina airports, and at bus and train stations or stops, must wear face coverings at all times, regardless of whether they are or may be within six (6) feet of another person. Customers may be removed from or denied entry to public transportation for failure to wear a face covering. Individuals traveling in a personal vehicle with household members are not required to wear a face covering, but individuals traveling in a personal vehicle with non-household members are required to wear a face covering. Face coverings are required in ride-shares, cabs, vans, and shuttles, even if the vehicles are privately owned. There is an exception to the face covering requirement for anyone who finds that his or her face covering is impeding visibility to operate equipment or a vehicle.

Q: Do I have to provide documentation or any other proof of a condition if I assert an exception to the face covering rules? (Posted November 23, 2020)

A: No. Everyone is asked to tell the truth, and if they are healthy and able to wear a mask, they are asked to wear a face covering so that they do not put other people at risk of serious illness and death.

Q: What if I am stopped by a law enforcement officer and directed to remove my face covering? (Posted June 25, 2020)

A: A person wearing a face covering for health and safety purposes must remove the face covering upon request by a law enforcement officer during a traffic stop (including a checkpoint or roadblock) and when a law enforcement officer has reasonable suspicion or probable cause during a criminal investigation.

FITNESS & PHYSICAL ACTIVITY FACILITIES

Q: What types of facilities are classified as fitness and physical activity facilities? (Posted February 26, 2021)
A: The following facilities are classified as “fitness and physical activity facilities”:

1. Exercise facilities, including yoga studios, dance studios, ballrooms, martial arts facilities, gymnastics and cheerleading, and indoor trampoline and rock climbing facilities;
2. Gyms, health clubs, and fitness centers;
3. Fields of play, including but not limited to basketball courts, baseball fields, volleyball courts, racquetball courts, squash courts, hockey rinks, soccer fields, and tennis courts (with capacity limits for spectators as defined by the size of the event or sporting venues);
4. Boxing clubs;
5. Skating rinks;
6. Bowling alleys;
7. Golf and mini-golf courses, and golf ball hitting bays;
8. Go-cart tracks, and the track of any speedway or raceway (with capacity limits for spectators as defined by the size of the event or sporting venues);
9. Paintball, laser tag, and similar fields and arenas; and
10. Indoor playgrounds.

Q: What rules are INDOOR gyms and other fitness and physical activity facilities under now? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: INDOOR fitness and physical activity facilities must limit customers to 50% of their stated fire capacity (or 12 people per 1,000 square feet, if there is no stated fire capacity), and must follow all of the core signage, screening, and safety/sanitation requirements as defined in the Governor’s executive orders. Additionally, they are also required to do the following:

1. Limit the number of guests in any given room of the facility so that everyone can stay six feet apart, including group classes.
2. Workers and customers must wear face coverings at all times, regardless of whether they are strenuously exercising. Exceptions to the face covering requirements are listed in the Face Coverings section above.
3. They must tape off or move equipment to restrict access so that the people exercising are at least 6 feet apart.
4. They must ensure that individuals in group classes or activities stay 6 feet apart from each other. Instructors may come within 6 feet of students for less than 15 minutes at a time.
5. Promote frequent use of hand washing and hand sanitizer use for workers and customers.
6. Disinfect all shared equipment between users with an EPA approved disinfectant AND allow the disinfectant to sit for the adequate amount of time stated by the manufacturer.
7. Increase disinfection during peak times or high-population-density times.
8. Post emergency maximum occupancy of any room or other enclosed space at the door to that space.
9. Mark 6 feet of spacing in lines at point of sale and in other high traffic areas for customers.

Q: What rules are OUTDOOR areas of gyms and other fitness and physical activity facilities under now? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: OUTDOOR areas of fitness and physical activity facilities must limit customers to 50% of their stated fire capacity (or 12 people per 1,000 square feet, if there is no stated fire capacity), and must
follow all of the core signage, screening, and safety/sanitation requirements as defined in the Governor’s executive orders. Additionally, they are also required to follow all of the same additional rules as above for INDOOR gyms and other fitness and physical activity facilities for each separate outdoor space.

Q: Are all sports allowed now, both inside and outside? (Posted October 2, 2020)
A: The Governor’s orders no longer limit the types of sports allowed to be played, either inside or outside, but there are mass gathering, maximum occupancy, and other requirements specific to some sports and physical activities which will apply. Additionally, NC DHHS has provided extensive guidance and recommendations for Youth/Amateur sports, which can be found at https://files.nc.gov/covid/documents/guidance/NCDHHS-Interim-Guidance-for-Youth-Amateur-Sports.pdf.

Q: How to the mass gathering requirements apply to parks, trails, and beaches? (Posted September 4, 2020)
A: Each group of people within an outdoor park, trail, or beach must be limited so that the group, counted on its own, does not exceed the mass gathering limit. Additionally, anyone in an outdoor park or on a trail or beach must wear a face covering if they are within 6 feet of others.

Q: Are escape/panic rooms allowed to be open? (Posted September 4, 2020)
A: Yes, these businesses are allowed to be open so long as mass gathering limits and face covering requirements are observed within each individual room of the facility, and all other requirements of the Governor’s executive orders are followed.

MOVIE THEATERS, MEETING SPACES, CONFERENCE CENTERS, AND GAMING FACILITIES

Q: What is covered in this category that is not covered by other sections of the Governor’s orders? (Posted February 26, 2021)
A: This category includes the following:

1. Movie theaters;
2. Private rooms or other private meeting spaces in a hotel, conference center, meeting hall, or reception venue;
3. Bingo parlors, including bingo sites operated by charitable organizations;
4. Facilities where the purpose is to engage in games or cards;
5. Gaming and business establishments which allow gaming activities (i.e. video games, arcade games, pinball machines, or other electronic or mechanical devices played for amusement)

Q: Can alcohol be served at movie theaters, meeting spaces, conference centers, and gaming facilities? (Posted February 26, 2021)
A: Yes, alcohol can be served for on-site consumption at outdoor venues, or at indoor seated areas at those venues, as long as they are operating according to the current maximum capacity and other requirements that are applicable. However, all alcohol sales for on-premises consumption must cease at 11:00 pm. See the Restaurants, Bottle Shops, and Other Food and Drink Services section below for information about to-go mixed beverages.

Q: Am I REQUIRED to wear a mask when I am at a movie theater, meeting space, conference center, or gaming facility? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A. YES. All workers and guests in these facilities must wear face coverings when they are inside these facilities, including when they are at a table or otherwise seated, unless they are actively eating or drinking, or unless an exception applies. The business has the option to refuse service to anyone who claims an exception to the face covering requirement.

Q: Am I REQUIRED to stay seated when I am at a movie theater, meeting space, conference center, or gaming facility? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A. YES. These businesses are not allowed to be open unless they become fully seated establishments for guests. Guests must be seated except to enter, leave, use/play any amenities/games, visit the restroom, and obtain food or drink, and the facility must arrange the space so that any guests/group are not within 6 feet of any other guests/group sitting near them. Entertainers must also stay at least 6 feet away from any guest. No standing receptions, no cocktail hours, no time to stand and mingle is allowed.

Q: What are the capacity restrictions for the INDOOR areas of movie theaters, meeting spaces, conference centers, or gaming facilities? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: The maximum INDOOR occupancy for all businesses covered by this section is the LESSER of 1) 30% of the stated fire capacity for each building, room, or other indoor space controlled by the facility (or 7 people per 1,000 square feet of space in each space, if there is no stated fire capacity), or 2) 250 guests in any particular indoor room or other confined indoor space within the facility’s premises. These limits apply separately to each room or space controlled by the facility, and each space must also limit the number of guests in the space so that groups can stay 6 feet apart, even if that means that the maximum capacity will be less than would otherwise be allowed.

Q: What are the capacity restrictions for the OUTDOOR areas at movie theaters, meeting spaces, conference centers, or gaming facilities? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: The maximum OUTDOOR occupancy for all businesses covered by this section is 30% of the stated fire capacity for each building, room, or other indoor space controlled by the facility (or 7 people per 1,000 square feet of space in each space, if there is no stated fire capacity). This limit applies separately to each separate outdoor space controlled by the facility, and each space must also limit the number of guests in the space so that groups can stay 6 feet apart, even if that means that the maximum capacity will be less than would otherwise be allowed.
Q: Are there any additional restrictions or rules for movie theaters, meeting spaces, conference centers, and gaming facilities? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: YES. The following restrictions and other rules also apply to these types of businesses:

1. Workers, entertainers, and any other support staff do not count toward the capacity limits for these businesses.
2. Indoor and outdoor amenities such as pool and darts may be open at facilities located in these businesses.
3. For hotels or other facilities where private meeting spaces are a portion of a larger facility that is not restricted as one of these businesses, the limits are measured only for the portion of the facility composed of private meeting spaces.
4. Service of alcohol must end at 11:00 pm, but the business are not required to close at that time. To-go cocktails may be served or delivered pursuant to the Governor's orders.
5. Mark 6 feet of spacing in lines at point of sale and in other high-traffic areas for guests.
6. Hand sanitizer must be provided at each entrance and other high traffic areas throughout the premises.
7. Increased disinfection during peak times or high guest density times, and all shared objects (payment terminals, tables and countertops, reusable menus, etc.) must be disinfected between use.
8. Follow the core signage, screening, and sanitation requirements, as well as all applicable NC DHHS guidelines.

MUSEUMS AND AQUARIUMS

Q: Are museums and aquariums allowed to be open? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: Yes. Museums and aquariums are allowed to be open, as long as they meet the following requirements:

1. Workers in museums and aquariums must wear face coverings when they are inside, regardless of whether they are within 6 feet of others, unless an exception applies.
2. Workers in museums and aquariums must wear face coverings if they are outside and within 6 feet of another person, unless an exception applies.
3. Guests in museums and aquariums must wear face coverings at all times, unless an exception applies.
4. Attendance in the building is limited to 50% of the stated fire capacity (or 12 people per 1,000 square feet, if there is no stated fire capacity), and the facility must ensure that people are able to social distance and remain 6 feet away from groups other than those in their households.
5. Restaurants within museums and aquariums are subject to the max occupancy and other requirements specific to restaurants, as laid out in the executive orders.
6. Post signage reminding attendees, customers, and workers about social distancing, and requesting that people who have been symptomatic with fever and/or cough to not enter.
7. Conduct daily symptom screening of workers.
8. Immediately isolate and remove sick workers.
9. Perform frequent and routine environmental cleaning and disinfection of high touch areas with an EPA-approved disinfectant.

PARKS

Q: Are parks allowed to be open? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: Yes. Parks are allowed to be open, as long as the following requirements are met:
   1. Face coverings are required for all people in parks if they are either within 6 feet of another person or are indoors;
   2. Parks must restrict each group of guests to be no more than the mass gathering limits of 25 people inside or 50 people outside for each separate area. Each group of people within an outdoor park, trail, or beach, must be limited so that the group, counted on its own, does not exceed the mass gathering limit;
   3. Park operators must post signage to remind guests about social distancing, and requesting people with COVID-19 symptoms to not enter;
   4. Park operators must conduct daily symptom screening of workers before workers can enter the workplace;
   5. Immediately isolate and remove sick workers;
   6. Perform frequent and routine environmental cleaning and disinfection of high touch areas with and EPA-approved disinfectant.

PERSONAL CARE, GROOMING, AND TATTOO BUSINESSES

Q: Are hair salons and tattoo parlors allowed to be open? (Posted December 10, 2020)

A: Yes. Personal care, grooming, and tattoo businesses are all allowed to be open, under certain restrictions, including a maximum occupancy of 50% of their stated fire capacity (or 12 people per 1,000 square feet, if there is no stated fire capacity), and a requirement that the seating in the store should be arranged so that groups of customers are separated from one another by 6 feet. Face coverings are required by workers at all times, regardless of whether they are within 6 feet of another person. Based on the recommendations of the CDC, face shields do not meet the requirements for face coverings. Customers in these businesses are also required to wear face coverings at all times, unless the service they are receiving affects their head or face area. These businesses must also follow all of the core signage, screening, and safety/sanitation requirements that are contained in the Governor’s executive orders. This includes ensuring that all equipment that comes into direct personal contact with customers and all furniture in service areas is completely cleaned and disinfected between each customer.

POOLS & WATERSLIDES

Q: Are pools allowed to be open, and at what capacity? (Posted February 26, 2021)
A: YES. Both indoor and outdoor pool facilities are allowed to be open, whether they are stand-alone or part of other facilities. The number of guests in the deck areas, wading pools and splash pads is limited to no more than 50% of the maximum occupancy as determined by fire code (or when fire code is not known, 33 guests per 1,000 square feet of those areas). The number of guests in the water of the pool is 10 guests per 1,000 square feet.

Q: Are waterslides subject to the same restrictions as pools? (Posted February 26, 2021)
A: Establishments that are NOT amusement parks, but offer waterslides over 15 feet in height must abide, for each waterslide, by the occupancy restrictions for pools. Waterslides in amusement parks are governed by those regulations.

Q: Do the regulations for pools apply to my family pool at my house? (Posted September 4, 2020)
A: No. The rules for swimming pools only apply to shared pools in commercial settings or at residential complexes, and not to family pools at people’s homes, but mass gathering limits will still apply to back yard residential gatherings.

RELIGIOUS INSTITUTIONS, WEDDINGS, AND FUNERALS

Q: Are churches allowed to be open, and what rules apply to church services when they are held? (Posted November 23, 2020)
A: Yes. Church services are an exception to the mass gathering rules, so they can be held with any number of people, inside or outside, including drive-in services, but face coverings and social distancing are still recommended to be observed to the fullest extent practicable. Additionally, although not subject to the Governor’s orders, outdoor religious services are still subject to all City ordinances, including the noise ordinance and all traffic rules. Repeated honking of horns during a religious service is a specific violation of the noise ordinance and could result in a citation. If there is a concern as to whether the volume of the church service/music will be over the allowed limits, please contact the Wilmington Police Department or the City Attorney’s Office, and someone will be glad to discuss the issue with you and help you.

Q: Can wedding receptions be held at private homes, rental beach houses, and private farms? (Posted November 20, 2020)
A: Private homes, beach houses, and farms may host parties or wedding receptions, but they are still held to the same maximum occupancy requirements of 25 inside / 50 outside, per enclosed indoor or outdoor space.

Q: Can you clarify the rules for funerals and weddings? (Posted November 20, 2020)
A: Funeral SERVICES and wedding CEREMONIES are exceptions to the mass gathering rule, so they may be any size and be held either inside or outside, but social distancing should be observed to
the fullest extent practicable. However, any RECEPTION or VISITATION, either before or after the wedding or funeral is subject to the mass gathering requirement of either 25 people inside or 50 people outside, or the applicable capacity limit for any event or meeting space being used.

RESTAURANTS, BOTTLE SHOPS, AND OTHER FOOD & DRINK SERVICES

Q: What are the rules for alcohol sales for ON-SITE consumption at restaurants and other similar businesses? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: Pursuant to the Governor’s current orders, restaurants and other similar businesses which are currently allowed to be open and which sell alcoholic beverages shall cease the sale and service of alcoholic beverages for onsite consumption from 11:00 pm until 7:00 am each day (the “nighttime public closure period”). They also cannot provide off-site table service, catering service, or bartending services for the sale and consumption of alcohol during these hours.

Q: Are restaurants and similar food and drink providers required to close completely by 11:00 pm when they have to cease alcohol sales? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: NO. These businesses must close their ON-PREMISES service of alcohol to the public by 11:00 pm at night, and not resume alcohol sales until after 7:00 am the next morning, but they are allowed to remain open for food and non-alcoholic beverage sales, as well as for the sale of TO-GO mixed beverages. “Permitted Sellers” of mixed beverages may not remain open and sell mixed beverages to-go after 2 a.m.

Q: What are the consequences for a restaurant or other business that does not stop selling or serving alcohol after 11:00 pm for ON-SITE consumption? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: In addition to civil citations or misdemeanor charges that can be issued by WPD for non-compliance, ALE (NC Alcohol Law Enforcement) agents can issue violations and take enforcement action against the business that could result in sanctions up to and including revocation of their alcohol permits.

Q: What are the rules for alcohol sales for TO-GO mixed beverages at restaurants, breweries, wineries, and distilleries? (Posted December 26, 2020)

A: Pursuant to the Governor’s current orders, “Permitted Sellers” (i.e. restaurants, bars, breweries, wineries, and distilleries that are ALREADY permitted to sell mixed beverages at any time) may sell for curbside service, delivery, or pick-up by the purchaser one mixed beverage that meets the following criteria:

• no more than 750mL
• no more than one standard drink
• in a sealed container
• containing a label with:
  o the name of the drink
  o quantity of liquor
  o name of purchaser
  o a statement that says the drink may not be transferred to anyone under 21
Q: Does the rule for TO-GO beverages also apply to beer and alcohol? (Posted December 26, 2020)

A: NO. The TO-GO rules only apply to mixed liquor drinks (cocktails) and DO NOT apply to beer or wine sales. However, curbside pickup, takeout, and delivery of UNSEALED beer and wine has always been allowed under the Governor's Executive Orders, and this does not change.

Q: Can I order more than one drink to-go for pick-up or delivery? (Posted December 26, 2020)

A: No. To-go mixed beverages are limited to one per person at a time, and each person ordering a to-go cocktail must present a valid ID at the time of pick-up or delivery.

Q: Do I have to be present when a drink is picked up or delivered? (Posted December 26, 2020)

A: Yes. Every person who orders a to-go mixed drink must be present when the order is picked up or delivered to present identification. Additional drinks will not be allowed to leave the premises for pick-up orders or dropped off during delivery if the person who ordered it is not present to show identification.

Q: Can I order a mixed beverage to-go and stay outside the facility, sit in my car, or take to a park to enjoy my beverage? (Posted December 26, 2020)

A: No. Mixed beverages ordered to-go must remain sealed in the passengers' seat until they reach your home. To-go mixed beverages may not be consumed in any place where possession of fortified wine and liquor is prohibited under N.C. Gen. Stat. § 18B-301 (streets, sidewalks, etc.) or any place otherwise prohibited by federal, state, or local law, such as public parks, vehicles, school property, etc.

Q: Are grocery stores, convenience stores, and other similar businesses still allowed to sell alcohol for OFF-PREMISES consumption after 11:00 pm? (Posted December 10, 2020)

A: Yes. Grocery stores and anywhere else that was already allowed to be open for the retail sale of alcohol for off-premises consumption is still allowed to sell alcohol for off-premises consumption after 11:00 pm.

Q. Do fast food workers and other restaurant workers have to stay 6 feet apart and wear a mask? (Posted November 23, 2020)

A: All restaurants must have workers wear face coverings at all times, regardless of whether they are or may be within six (6) feet of another person, whether that person is a customer or co-worker. Restaurant workers are not required to stay six (6) feet apart from co-workers or customers, as long as they are wearing the face covering.

Q: What are the current rules for food trucks and their workers? (Posted November 23, 2020)

A: Food trucks are treated like restaurants, so on-premises consumption is allowed. Operators are encouraged to tell their customers to stand at least 6 feet apart while they wait for their food to be prepared, and food truck workers must wear masks at all times, regardless of whether they are within 6 feet of another person.
Q: What additional safety and sanitation rules apply to restaurants? (Posted September 4, 2020)

A: Restaurants are required to follow all of the core signage, screening, and sanitation requirements that are contained in the Governor’s executive orders. Additionally, restaurants are ordered to mark 6 feet of spacing in lines at high traffic areas for customers, promote frequent use of hand-washing and sanitizer use by all staff members, and increase disinfection during peak times or high customer density times, including disinfection of all shared objects between each use.

Q: What is the difference in a restaurant and a bar? (Posted May 29, 2020)

A: State law provides the legal definitions of eating establishments and restaurants in N.C.G.S. Sec. 18B-1000(2) and 18B-1000(6). "Bars" means establishments that are not eating establishments or restaurants as defined in those statutes, but that have a permit to sell alcoholic beverages for onsite consumption under N.C.G.S. Sec. 18B-1001, and that are principally engaged in the business of selling alcoholic beverages for onsite consumption.

Q: What about breweries, wineries, and distilleries? (Posted May 29, 2020)

A: An establishment is not be considered to be a “bar” which is “principally engaged in the business of selling alcoholic beverages for onsite consumption” if it 1) produces alcoholic beverages for commercial sale; 2) is permitted by the ABC Commission under N.C. Gen. Stat. §§ 18B-1101 to 18B-1105; and 3) is authorized to sell at retail for on-premises consumption. As a result, breweries, wineries, and distilleries that are permitted under N.C. Gen. Stat. § 18B-1100 et. seq., and which therefore meet the above test, are allowed to open.

RETAIL STORES AND OTHER SALES ACTIVITIES

Q: How many people can be inside a retail business at one time? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: Retail businesses must limit the number of customers inside the store to 50% of their stated fire capacity (or 12 customers for every 1,000 square feet, if there is no stated fire capacity). Additionally, businesses must limit the number of guests in the store so that everyone can stay 6 feet apart, even if that means that the number of people in the store is less than the maximum occupancy allowed.

Q: What qualifies as a “retail business”? (Posted September 4, 2020)

A: Any business where customers go to purchase good or services is considered a retail business, including grocery stores, convenience stores, pharmacies, banks, ABC stores, clothing stores, and large-format retail stores.

Q: What other requirements are there for retail stores? (Posted September 4, 2020)
A: Retail businesses must mark 6 feet of spacing at check-out lines and in other high-traffic areas for customers, such as at deli counters and near high-demand products. They must also follow all of the core signage, screening, and sanitation/safety requirements as defined in the Governor’s executive orders.

Q: Are house cleaning services allowed to operate, including in homes? (Posted April 14, 2020)

A: Cleaning services are allowed under both the state and local orders. Employees are encouraged to maintain social distancing between themselves and with customers while in a home or at a business. If they are not able to maintain social distancing while they are working, then they are encouraged to wear personal protective items like gloves and cloth masks while they are working.

SCHOOLS

Q: How do the face covering and mass gathering requirements apply to schools? (Posted December 10, 2020)

A: All teachers, workers, visitors, and all other adults at a school, as well as all children age 5 and older must wear face coverings while at the school, unless an exception applies. The mass gathering numbers, however, do not apply to educational institutions.

Q: Are private schools and charter schools required to abide by the Governor’s orders relating to school openings? (Posted July 17, 2020)

A: The Governor’s orders relating to school openings apply to all public schools in the state of North Carolina. If a charter school is a public school, then the requirements apply. If a school is truly private and not a public school or public charter school, then the school is free to determine its own schedule, but is also encouraged to use the Governor’s plan as guidance for re-opening.

VERY LARGE ENTERTAINMENT, EVENT, AND SPORTING VENUES

Q: Can alcohol be served at very large entertainment, event, and sporting venues? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: Yes, alcohol can be served for on-site consumption at outdoor venues, or at indoor seated restaurants and bars at those venues, as long as they are operating according to the current maximum capacity and other requirements for restaurants and bars. However, all alcohol sales for on-premises consumption must cease at 11:00 pm. See the Restaurants and Bars section below for information about to-go mixed beverages.

Q: What qualifies as a “very large entertainment or sporting venue”? (Posted February 26, 2021)
A: Very large entertainment or sporting venues are **OUTDOOR** venues that have the capacity to seat over 10,000 people, or **INDOOR** venues that have the capacity to seat over 5,000 people. This could include sporting stadiums, amphitheaters, arenas, and any other facility that meets these requirements.

Q: Can very large entertainment or sporting venues operate at 100% of their stated capacity? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: NO. Very large **OUTDOOR** entertainment or sporting venues are permitted to open at 30% of their maximum fire capacity (or 7 people per 1,000 square feet, if there is no stated fire capacity), with no cap on the number of spectators. Very large **INDOOR** entertainment and sporting venues are permitted to open at 15% of their maximum fire capacity, with no cap on the number of spectators. Coaches, athletes, workers, and performers do not count towards the maximum number allowed.

Q: Other than maximum capacity, what are the additional required safety precautions for very large entertainment or sporting venues to be open? (Posted February 26, 2021)

A: All very large entertainment or sporting venues must employ ALL of the following key safety precautions:

1. All seats must be specifically assigned and ticketed, so there cannot be any “General Admission” or “Standing Room Only” seating.
2. Workers, participants, and guests must wear face coverings, unless an exception applies.
3. Staff at the venue must monitor and direct the flow of persons in common spaces in order to limit people massing together.
4. The number of people allowed in a very large entertainment or sporting venue does not include workers, entertainers, athletes, and other support staff.
5. There must be a separation of at least 6 feet between individuals or groups that come together, and that separation includes both horizontal (side to side) and vertical (front and back) separation.
6. Staff at the venue must monitor to ensure that people are not changing seats once they are inside the venue.
7. Follow the core signage, screening, and safety/sanitation requirements.
8. Increase disinfection during peak times or high customer density times, and disinfect all shared objects between each use.
9. Immediately isolate and remove sick workers.
10. Any food service at a very large entertainment or sporting venue must comply with all restaurant restrictions.
11. Any entertainers or athletes must stay 6 feet away from any spectators.